Changes in Construction Materials Prices, 2001-2008 (August 25, 2008 revisions are in italics)

Since early 2004, the construction industry has been jolted by a succession of steep price increases affecting a variety of materials. The attached tables document these increases, using producer price indexes (PPIs) from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) for specific construction segments, inputs and building types. The increases are compared to changes in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) and the PPI for finished goods.

Background on PPIs

Each row shows the BLS series identifier and name for a PPI (or CPI), and two groups of percentage changes. The first group shows the 12-month percentage change for the years ending December 2001-07. The second group shows preliminary price changes in the latest month from 1, 3 and 12 months before, and from December 2003, when construction costs first spiked. Percentages are downloaded for PPIs from BLS' PPI website, www.bls.gov/ppi, at the page for "PPI Databases-One-Screen Data Search." Most of the PPIs are commodity indexes. There are also two types of industry PPIs. One type measures the finished cost of new buildings or subcontractors' work, including labor, overhead and profit, as well as materials. The other measures the cost of inputs for six construction segments.

To provide consistency, "not seasonally adjusted" indexes have been selected for all items. For many items, BLS does not post a seasonally adjusted index, either because the price does not vary consistently by season or there is not enough data available to calculate a seasonal adjustment. However, prices of items such as natural gas do show wide seasonal swings; for these PPIs, a large one- or three-month change may not be unusual. The PPIs shown are available only at a national level.

As the name implies, the PPI for a commodity measures the price charged by a producer of that item or category. The index excludes any costs the buyer incurs beyond the producer's loading dock or other point of sale, such as insurance, freight, storage, fabrication, or installation. Such costs are considerable for many construction inputs and may change at rates different from the PPI, but these rates cannot be estimated from PPI data. There is no PPI for construction labor, and the PPIs for trucking and insurance are not specific enough to indicate the specialized services and products used in construction.

The PPIs chosen for these tables are believed to be the closest approximation to items actually used or bought for construction. Some PPIs cover a wider range of materials than items used specifically in construction. For instance, steel mill products include steel used in motor vehicles, appliances, equipment, etc., as well as construction. Other PPIs, like those for concrete products, reflect materials used solely in construction. An industry PPI measures the costs of all items used by an industry, including items like diesel fuel that are consumed during construction. Readers are encouraged to scroll through the indexes on the PPI website. BLS has invited users to submit ideas for additional PPIs; send them to simonsonk@agc.org.

Organization of PPI Tables
Tuote 1 compares the Cr1-0 with r 13 for finished goods and for construction inputs (materials that go into every type of residential and nonresidential project, plus items such as diesel fuel that are used up by contractors). The construction input PPIs are separately weighted for inputs used in highway and street, other heavy, nonresidential building, multi- and single-unit new residential construction. Weights are available on request; they differ markedly for different types of construction.

Table 2 shows PPIs for completed new buildings (industrial, warehouse, school and office) and for the prices charged by concrete, roofing, electrical and plumbing contractors for work on new nonresidential buildings. Unlike other PPIs, these indexes include changes in general or specialty contractors' overhead, profit and labor costs as well as material inputs.

Table 3 shows changes in PPIs for specific construction inputs. Items are grouped into petroleum-based products; concrete and brick products; miscellaneous materials; and metal products. Indented index names show that the item is a subset of the last unindented item above it; this relationship is also shown in BLS's numbering system, which assigns one or more extra digits to subcategories. For instance, "WPU1331, concrete block and brick," is indented to show it is included in the index for "WPU133 Concrete products."

Table 4 has indexes covering changes in PPIs for basic inputs--items used to produce construction inputs--divided into nonmetals, and metal ores and scrap. Recent changes in these indexes can show up later in price changes for materials made from these items.

Changes in Construction Costs

In general, through 2003 most construction materials show very modest increases and many decreases in price, similar to the CPI, which rose 1.6% in 2001, 2.4% in 2002, and 1.9% in 2003. Beginning in 2004, however, many construction materials had years with double-digit increases, whereas the CPI has continued to rise at a 2.5-5.6 % annual rate.

In July, there were extreme increases in asphalt prices and continuing rises in PPIs for steel mill products, diesel fuel and plastics. Gypsum and copper products rose sharply after recent declines. Concrete products rose only 0.1% and lumber and plywood prices reversed earlier gains.

Percentage Changes in Producer Price Indexes (PPIs) for Construction Materials and Components, 2001-2008

BLS Series ID		2001				Decemi		2007	_ 6/08	to July 4/08	2008 s 7/07	ince 12/03
Table 1: Char	nges in Consumer, Producer & Construction Pr	2001 ices	2002	<u>2003</u>	2004	2003	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	0/08	47.00	7107	12/03
CUUR0000SA0	Consumer price index (CPI-U)	1.6	2.4	1.9	3.3	3.4	2.5	4.1	0.5	2.4	5.6	19.4
WPUSOP3000	Producer price index (PPI) for finished goods	~1.6	1.2	4.0	4.2	5.4	1.1	6.3	1.4 2.0	4.7 6.6	9.8 11.9	28.0 44.1
PCUBCON	PPI for inputs to construction industries	-0.9 -3.6	0.7 1.0	3.0 2.6	9.1 10.8	8.2 14.1	4.6 6.2	4.5 9.6	3.8	11.2	21.4	77.0
PCUBHWY PCUBHVY	PPI for inputs to highway and street construction PPI for inputs to other heavy construction	-2.6	1.0	2.6	13.4	8.8	5.5	6.4	2.1	8.4	17.0	61.4
PCUBBLD	PPI for inputs to nonresidential buildings	-0.5	0.7	2.4	9.3	7.4	4.0	4.6	1.9	6.3	11.8	42.4
PCUBRSM	PPI for inputs to multi-unit residential	-0.1	0.4	2.7	8.9	7.8	4.9	3.7	1.3	4.7	8.5	38.4
PCUBRS1	PPI for inputs to single-unit residential	-0.4	0.6	3.5	7.0	6.9	4.2	2.4	1.4	4,4	7.1	30.9
Table 2: Changes in PPIs for New Buildings and Components												
PCU236211	New industrial building construction	not a				series	-		1.8	1.7	4.3	n.a.
PCU236221	New warehouse construction		vailable			7.5	8.1	4.4	1.9	2.0	4.4	n.a.
PCU236222	New school construction	not av				12/05		2.0	-0.2	1.4 1.0	3.2 3.7	n.a.
PCU236223	New office construction Concrete contractors, nonresidential building work					s begar began		4.8	1.1 1.6	1.3	n.a.	n.a. n.a.
PCU23811X PCU23816X	Roofing contractors, nonresidential building work								1.3	3.5	n.a.	n.a.
PCU23821X	Electrical contractors, nonresidential building work											n.a.
PCU23822X	Plumbing contractors, nonresidential building work											n.a.
Table 3: Changes in PPIs for Specific Construction Inputs												
WPU057303	#2 diesel fuel	-44.7	54.4	13.0	37.9	46.7	2.3	33.9	2.7	18.5	77.6	333.2
	Asphalt (at refinery)	not avi		10.0	18.3	17.8	34.9	5,8	21.3	58.0	78.1	290.9
WPU139401	Asphalt paving mixtures and blocks	0.9	2.0	3.7	4.3	14.3	27.6	1.3	14.4	28.4	34.2	108.0 59.7
WPU136	Asphalt felts and coatings	4.6 5.0	-0.6 -1.7	6.3 5.3	4,1 4,6	15.3 16.2	5.0 5.2	-2.5 -2.4	12.0 11.3	22.7 22.4	27.9 27.4	59.7 60.9
WPU1361	Prepared asphalt & tar roofing & siding products	5.0	~1./	5.5	7.0	10.2	3,2		11.5			
WPU133	Concrete products	2.5	-0.3	1.5	7.6	10.1	8.1	3.3	0.1	0.7	3.8	36.6
WPU1331	Concrete block and brick	2.3	1.6	3.2	4.7	8.1	6.8	3.2	0.4	1.5	2.8	28.3
WPU1332	Concrete pipe	4,4	1.7 -1.1	1.4 1.1	5.5 8.7	7.5 11.3	2.5 10.1	1.1 3.3	0.6 0.0	3.8 0.9	13.2 2.6	34.0 40.1
WPU1333	Ready-mixed concrete	2.5 0.7	0.3	2.5	6.0	6.0	4.7	4.8	0.0	-2.0	4.7	28.9
WPU1334 WPU1335	Precast concrete products Prestressed concrete products	5.3	1.8	-0.2	8.2	14.3	4.9	1.2	1.7	3.3	4.7	37.4
WPU1342	Brick and structural clay tile	5.3	1.9	0.7	3.0	9.4	6.0	-0.2	0.2	-0.2	-0.7	18.9
WPU072106	Plastic construction products	-2.7	3.1	3.2	7.2	21.6	-0.7	0.3	1.8	4.0	4.5	35.4
WPU137	Gypsum products	0.4	3.4	2.8	20.0	18.8	5.5	-22.2	1.3	-0.4	-6.1	18.7
WPU1392	Insulation materials	0,4	-1.5	2.0	8.6	2.6	2.1	-3,3	-0.3	-0.9	-3.6	7.6
WPUSI004011	Lumber and plywood	-2.9	1.4	13.1	5.0		-10.8	-1.3	-2.2	2.2	~5.9	-7.7
WPU062101	Architectural coatings	2.9	0.6	3.9	5.3	9.2	6.3	4.1	0.2	0.3	4.1	32.5
WPU1017	Steel mill products	-6.1	11.1	1.7	48.8	-3.8	11.6	1.0	1.7	21.8	33.4	125.6
WPU101704	Hot-rolled bars, plates, & structural shapes Steel pipe and tube	-4.3 -3.7	2.1 9.1	11.3 3.3	53.8 66.0	-1.0 1.2	7.5 5.5	8.1 -1.9	4.3 2.9	20.6 18.3	34.7	144.8 137.5
WPU101706 WPU102502	Copper and brass mill shapes	-9.5	-1.6	11.6	29.6	31.0	44.4	-3.8	2.8	-0.3	-0.5	172.3
WPU102502 WPU102501	Aluminum mill shapes	-2.9	-0.9	-0.5	9.9	5.0	12.7	-1.7	0.5	0.4	3.9	37.2
WPU1073	Sheet metal products	-0.8	2.0	0.6	15.2	0.4	6.5	0.4	1.2	5.0	8.8	196.9
WPU107405	Fabricated structural metal	-1.3	-2.4	0.1	24.7	2.8	3.6	5.3	1.5	5.3	16.2	60.4
WPU10740501		-1.5	-3.3	-0.1	20.0	3.1	3.3	4.7	0.7	3.9	13.0	49.8
WPU107408	Architectural and ornamental metalwork	-0.1	3.7	0.7	23.5	3.1	4.9	2.8	2,6	9.1	13.8	54.8
WPU107409	Fabricated iron & steel pipe, tube, & fittings	0.6 0.6	0.1 -1.0	1.2 0.6	32.6 7.6	5.5 0.6	-2.8 8.6	-1.6 9.9	0.6 -0.7	5.9 4.9	8.9 21.6	44.3 45.2
WPU1076 WPU1079	Fabricated steel plate Prefabricated metal buildings	0.0	4.0	-0.7	35.5	2.0	5.5	1.8	1.5	13.0	25.6	88.0
WPU112	Construction machinery and equipment	-0.1	1.9	1.3	6.0	4.9	3.6	2.2	0.4	1.1	2.9	20.6
	nges in PPIs for Basic Inputs Important to Co		ion	112	20.5	40.6	0.1	E2 4	<i>c</i> 7	22.0	04.2	3673
WPU056	Crude petroleum (domestic production)	-42.4 -36.7	60.6 12,2	14.3 20.3	30.5 20.1	49.6	0.1 -13.2	52.4 -4.6	6.7 7.8	23.8 21.7	94.3 37.5	367.3 82.5
WPU0553 WPU066	Industrial natural gas Plastic resins and materials	-30.7	9.2	6.4	28.6	10.8	-7.8	10.0	7.6	11.2	19.2	64.4
WPU1321	Construction sand/gravel/crushed stone	3.3	2.5	2.4	4.3	7.7	9.3	8.6	0.3	0.7	7.0	39.2
WPU1322	Cement Sandy gravery or asked stories	1.0	1.3	-1.1	7.9	12.2	10.5	3.5	-0.8	-0.3	0.0	39.5
WPU1011	Iron ore	1.5	-1.3	1.6		15.5	7.5	1.3	0.0	0.0	12.0	50.5
WPU1012	Iron and steel scrap	-5.6	27.8	64.9		-10.8	2.9	30.4	5.2		110.5	247.3
WPU101212	Stainless and alloy steel scrap	no data						-7.7		-18.8		n.a.
WPU102102	Copper ores	-19.6	3.6	37.4	65.1	39.3	53.1	-0.9	2.5	4.6	0.9	327.4
WPU102301	Copper base scrap	-17.4	11.2	30.7	34.5	51.9	50.0	1.2	1.8	-2.3	14.1	280.8

Updated 8/25/08 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS): www.bls.gov/cpi for CPI, www.bls.gov/ppi for PPIs Compiled by Ken Simonson (simonsonk@agc.org), Chief Economist, Associated General Contractors of America, www.agc.org